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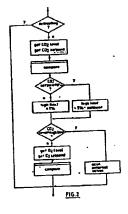
(4) Controlled environment transportation of respiring comestibles.

A method of transporting a quantity of a <u>comestible</u> which may be subject to degradation as a result of respiration during transportation, comprising the steps of:

(a) sealing or substantially sealing said quantity of the respiring comestible within a container as hereinbefore described sufficiently to ensure that less oxygen of the ambient air can diffuse into the container than is required for full respiration by the respiring comestible, flushing the container with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas so as to provide a reduced oxygen level in the sealed or substantially sealed container, such flushing occurring before, during and/or after said sealing or substantial sealing, and

(b) transporting the container with the respiring comestible therein while (i) monitoring the oxygen level within said container and automatically adjusting the oxygen level as necessary by a positive infusion of amblent air into the container in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range of values and (ii) monitoring the carbon dioxide level within said container and adjusting the carbon dioxide level as necessary in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range of values without reliance upon flushing with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas, said adjustment being firstly by means of a scrubbing of the air

within said container but if necessary may additionally or instead include a positive infusion of ambient air into the container.



Bundesdruckerei Berlin

#### CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT TRANSPORTATION OF RESPIRING COMESTIBLES

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It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a method and related apparatus which will provide some safeguard in the event the carbon dioxide content of the container rises above a desirable level.

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Accordingly the present invention, in one aspect, consists in a method of transporting a quantity off comestible which may be subject to degradation as a result of respiration during transportation, comprising the steps of:

(a) sealing or substantially sealing said quantity of the respiring comestible within a container as hereinbefore described sufficiently to ensure that less oxygen of the amblent air can diffuse into the container than is required for full respiration by the respiring comestible, flushing the container with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas so as to provide a reduced oxygen level in the sealed or substantially sealed container, such flushing occurring before, during and/or after said sealing or substantial sealing, and

(b) transporting the container with the respiring comestible therein while (i) monitoring the oxygen level within said confainer and automatically adjusting the oxygen level as necessary by a positive infusion of ambient air into the container in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range of values and (ii) monitoring the carbon dioxide level within said container and adjusting the carbon dioxide level as necessary in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range appropriate in other carriage spaces, eg. the cargo hold of an aircraft, ship, train or the like and therefore for the purposes of the present specification the word "container" as used herein relates not only to shipping containers but to any means defining a storage space for such comestibles.

In a system such as disclosed in the aforementioned patent specifications the quantity of carbon dioxide capable of being absorbed is finite where reliance is placed upon a finite amount of a carbon dioxide absorbing medium such as, for example, a scrubbing unit including hydrated lime. Moreover there is also the prospect of carbon dioxide build up where for some reason or another a flow of the gaseous environment of the container can not be ducted through any such carbon dioxide scrubbing device.

of values without reliance upon flushing with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas, said adjustment being firstly by means of a scrubbing of the air within said container but if necessary may additionally or instead include a positive infusion of ambient air into the container.

Preferably said container is refrigerated and there is automatic adjustment of the temperature.

In a further aspect the present invention consists in apparatus for transporting a quantity of respiring

comestibles which may be degraded by respiration, said apparatus comprising:

transportable means defining a volume of a gaseous environment for said comestibles capable of being substantially sealed and in which the comestibles to be transported can be carried,

means to seal or substantially seal said volume after loading with said comestibles such that less oxygen from the ambient air can diffuse into the environment than is required for the respiration,

means to enable flushing of the environment with an oxygen microprocessor 1, which operates according to a program stored in read-only memory 2. The microprocessor reads and writes to and from read/write memory 3 and a removable cassette in cassette unit 4. A gas pump 5 continuously draws air from the container through inlet 15 and consecutively through O2 detector 6 and CO2 detector 7. Outlet 16 may return the sampled air to the container or its surroundings, A temperature detector 8 monitors approximately the temperature of the controller itself. Analog multiplexer 9 passes any of the three detector output signals to analog-to-digital converter 10 in response to commands by the microprocessor. The selected detector signal is then passed to the microprocessor on a common data/address bus 11.

Microprocessor 1 calculates actual CO2 and O2 levels by applying corrections to the detected levels as necessary depending on the detectors used. The CO2 and O2 levels according to the most recent sample are then shown on display 12, and may at suitable intervals be stored on the cassette, in addition to the detected temperature and the time according to real time clock 13. The microprocessor compares the actual CO2 and O2 levels with predetermined setpoints, these being preferred levels which vary with particular comestibles. Action of the container valves is controlled by the the O<sub>2</sub> level and setpoint are being compared, a positive error indicates that the level is above the setpoint and the external valve should be closed, while a negative error indicates that the level is undesirably low and the external valves should be controller described in relation to Figures 8-10 of those specifications. Such figures and the description thereof is hereby herein incorporated by way of reference. The controller is a microprocessor based unit which measures, controls, displays and logs the levels of carbon dioxide and oxygen in a container as hereinbefore defined, particularly a refrigerated marine shipping container. Control of the gas levels may be achieved via solenoid valves built into the container and connected to the controller. In the case of CO2, valves are provided to (i) allow passage of container air through a scrubber unit in order to prevent the CO2 level of the container air rising above a predetermined level, and (li) allow an infusion of ambient air to the container should the CO2 level rise above a higher predetermined level, such as in the event of failure of the scrubber action.

In the case of O<sub>2</sub>, the external valves of (ii) allow an infusion of ambient air to the container in order to prevent the O<sub>2</sub> level of the container air from falling below a predetermined level. The controller is intended to be portable and of a size and shape to fit in the electrical power control box of such containers.

Referring to Figure 1, the controller schematically comprises a opened or remain open.

Principal features of a specific embodiment of the invention will now be described. In this embodiment the microprocessor 1 is an Intel 8085 8-bit processor. The other components of the controller shown In Figure 1 interface with the data/address bus via an 8255 programmable peripheral interface, except that the external ports 15 include an 8251 programmable communications interface for connection of the controller to a further microprocessor if desired. The ROM 2 in which the microprocessor program is stored comprises two 32K 2732 EPROMS while the RAM 3 comprises a 2K 6116 static RAM. The analog multiplexer 9 and analog-to-digital converter 10 comprise 4051 and ADC0802 chips respectively. The setpoints for a particular container load are stored in the cassette after input from a portable computer via the 8251 interface as noted above, and the controller cannot exercise the routine of Figure 2 unless the cassette is in place. Deadband values (O2: ±0.3%,  $CO_2$ :  $\pm 0.5\%$ ) are stored in the EPROMS and are not varied between loads.

A "Teledyne" type A5 microfuel cell detects oxygen in the container air up to 25% by volume and with 10% accuracy of reading. The cell output is temperature dependent for which compensation is achieved via a thermistor in the cell output circuit.

Teledyne Analytical Instruments

Box 1580 City of Industry CA 91749 USA

A four filament "Gowmac" thermal conductivity cell is used to detect the presence of carbon dioxide in the container air up to 25% by volume. Each filament of the detector comprises one arm of a That part of the microprocessor program which enacts the present invention will now be described with reference to the flow charts of Figures 2 and 3.

\* Gowmac USA

Box 32

NH 08805 USA

In Figure 2, action may be taken in respect of the container CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> levels, provided that the container is not undergoing defrosting. The microprocessor then proceeds to compare the CO<sub>2</sub> level with the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint and then with the CO<sub>2</sub> high limit is exceeded, ambient air is drawn into the container to lower the container air CO<sub>2</sub> level, otherwise the O<sub>2</sub> level is compared with the O<sub>2</sub> setpoint. CO<sub>2</sub> high limit control thus overrides O<sub>2</sub> level control. In making each comparison and operating valves if necessary, program execution passes to the routine shown in Figure 3.

Referring to Figure 3, the microprocessor calculates an error equal to the deviation of the CO<sub>2</sub> or O<sub>2</sub> level from the corresponding setpoint, and calculates a control value equal to the error magnitude

less the deadband amplitude. If the control value is negative the error is within the deadband and the existing valve status is maintained. If the control value is positive, the error is outside the deadband and action may be taken as follows. If the CO2 level and setpoint are being compared, a positive error indicates that the level is undesirably high and the scrubber valve should be opened or remain open, while a negative error indicates that the level is below the setpoint and the scrubber valve should be closed or remain closed. If resistance bridge, two filaments being used for gas measurement and two filaments for reference. Such a detector is not intrinsically CO2 sensitive but also reflects the O2 and NO<sub>2</sub> levels of the container air. The microprocessor therefore compensates the conductivity cell output according to the detected O2 level and an estimate of the N2 level. The CO2 detector is also temperature dependent for which further compensation is made by the microprocessor via the output of temperature detector 8. Overall, the CO2 level obtained with 1% accuracy.

A "Wisa" vibrator type pump draws container air through the detectors at 0.2-0.5 1/minute. The air is filtered before passage through the CO<sub>2</sub> detector.

Wisa Precision Pumps

Bayonne

NJ 07002 USA

Each detector output is read by the microprocessor approximately once every second and a running average for each level is calculated to overcome noise, the detector outputs being compensated as noted previously. The latest averages are displayed on the front panel of the controller and compared with the setpoints. The container CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> levels and controller temperature are recorded on the cassette approximately every 8 hours when the container and controller are in use. There is provision to monitor and record the temperature within the container through a further communications port in the container, not shown in Figure 1, if desired.

Appendix I is a portion of an 8085 assembly language program listing in which lines 222-335 correspond approximately to the flow chart of Figure 2

Appendix II is a portion of an 8085 assembly language program listing in which lines 1134-1168 carry out CO<sub>2</sub> level compensation for the CO<sub>2</sub> detector temperature, lines 1177-1200 carry out CO<sub>2</sub> level compensation in accord with the O<sub>2</sub> level, and lines 1219-1272 correspond approximately to the flow chart of Figure 3.

It is believed that apparatus and methods in accordance with the present invention define wide-spread application in the transportation industry.

#### Claims

 A method of transporting a quantity of a comestible which may be subject to degradation as a result of respiration during transportation, comprising the steps of:

(a) sealing or substantially sealing said

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quantity of the respiring comestible within a container as hereinbefore described sufficiently to ensure that less oxygen of the ambient air can diffuse into the container than is required for full respiration by the respiring comestible, flushing the container with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas so as to provide a reduced oxygen level in the sealed or substantially sealed container, such flushing occurring before, during and/or after said sealing or substantial sealing, and

(b) transporting the container with the respiring comestible therein while (i) monitoring the oxygen level within said container and automatically adjusting the oxygen level as necessary by a positive infusion of ambient air into the container in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range of values and (ii) monitoring the carbon dioxide level within said container and adjusting the carbon dioxide level as necessary in response to such monitoring towards an optimum or predetermined value or range of values without reliance upon flushing with an oxygen low or oxygen free gas, said adjustment being firstly by means of a scrubbing of the air within said container but if necessary may additionally or instead include a positive infusion of ambient air into the container.

- A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said container is refrigerated and there is automatic adjustment of the temperature.
- 3. Apparatus for transporting a quantity of respiring comestibles which may be degraded by respiration, said apparatus comprising: transportable means defining a volume of a

gaseous environment for said comestibles capable of being substantially sealed and in which the comestibles to be transported can be

carried,

means to seal or substantially seal said volume after loading with said comestibles such that less oxygen from the amblent air can diffuse into the environment than is required for the respiration.

means to enable flushing of the environment with an oxygen free or low gas to reduce the oxygen content thereof below that of ambient air

means to monitor the oxygen content of the environment, means to monitor the carbon dioxide content of the environment.

means responsive to the means to monitor said oxygen content to cause a positive infusion of ambient air into the environment should the oxygen content be or fall below a predetermined value,

means responsive to the means to monitor said carbon dioxide content to cause passage of gas within the environment through means to scrub at least some of the carbon dioxide therefrom should said carbon dioxide content rise above a first predetermined value, and means responsive to the means to monitor said carbon dioxide content to cause a positive infusion of ambient air into the environment should said carbon dioxide content not be maintained below a higher second predetermined value by said means to scrub at least some carbon dioxide from the environment.

4. Apparatus as claimed in claim 2 or 3 wherein said environment is within a container of the kind hereinbefore described.

5. Apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein there is provided means to monitor the temperature of the environment and additionally means responsive to the means to monitor the temperature of the environment to adjust at least downwardly the temperature of the environment towards a predetermined value.

6. A gas controller for a container of the kind hereinbefore described having means for extraction of CO<sub>2</sub> from the container air and means for exchange of ambient air with container air, said controller comprising:

a microprocessor read-only memory and readwrite memory connected to a common communication bus;

a carbon dioxide detector for monitoring the level of carbon dioxide in the container air:

an oxygen detector for monitoring the level of oxygen in the container air;

means for connecting the output of said detectors to said bus:

and an output port connected to said bus for output from said microprocessor of control signals which activate/deactivate said means for extraction and means for exchange:

wherein said microprocessor executes a program stored in said read-only memory which program:

(a) monitors said carbon dioxide and oxygen level;

 (b) activates/deactivates said means for extraction if said carbon dioxide level rises above/falls below a predetermined carbon dioxide level or range of levels;

(c) activates/deactivates said means for exchange if said carbon dioxide level rises above/falls below a predetermined carbon dioxide high limit or range of limits; and

(d) activates/deactivates said means for exchange if said oxygen level falls below/ rises above a predetermined oxygen level or range of levels.

7. A gas controller according to claim 6 wherein said activation/deactivation comprises opening/closing of solenoid valves

8. A gas controller according to claim 6 or claim 7 wherein said predetermined levels are preferred levels for transport of respiring comestibles within said container.

9. A gas controller according to any one of claims 6 to 8 wherein said predetermined carbon dioxide limit is a limit above which unacceptable damage occurs to comestibles being transported in said container.

10. A gas controller according to any of one of claims 6 to 9 wherein said means for connecting the output of said detectors to said bus comprises an analog multiplexer in series with an analog-to-digital converter.

11. A gas controller according to any one of

claims 6 to 10 wherein said program records at predetermined intervals said carbon dioxide and oxygen levels in a removable memory element connected to said microprocessor via said bus.

# APPENDIX 1

#18-11 GOGG/GOGS MACRO ASSEMBLER, V4.1 TFCYF RANSFRESH JOO SERIES CONTROLLER

LOC	CBJ		LIME	S	SOURCE S	STATEMENT	
0000	CD0504	С	214		CALL	LOG	
೦೦೮೮			215		KRA	A	
0004	526400	D	216		STA	LOGF	; AND RESET LOG FLAG
			217				
		_				D SCALE	INFUTS
0007	CDAGGS	С		MAIN1:	CALL	TECMP	
			220				•
			221	; CONTR			
	3A0430 47		. 223	•	LDA MOV		
	E620		224		ANI	B,A DFF:ST	:DEFROSTING?
	CAA801 +	_			JZ		;YES, EXIT
0050	CHASSI.	_	225 · 225		02	DEFIR	,162, 5011
OODT	70		227		HOY '	A, B	
0000	E680	•	229		ANI	CART	:CARTRIDGE INSERTED
	C2AG01	С	229		JNZ	DESTR	;NO, EXIT
0000	02/.222	_	230		0		,
					NTROL AC	CTION ON	CO2 .
0009	110840		232		LXI	D.ESPCO	2 ;GET CO2 SET POINT
		C			CALL	SPCY	
	012300 113300 214300 3E00 C00807		234			•	•
CODE	012500	E.	235		LXI	B.TCC2	;CO2 VALUE
00E2	115500	D	236		LXI		SET POINT
. 0025	214500	C	237		LXI	H, DBC02	DEADBAND
CBCC	3E00		233		IVI	A, O	
COEA	CDDB07	C			CALL	CTLA	•
		_	240				
	DA0201	С	241		JC	COM2	•
0070			242		HOV	A,C	
00F1			243		ORA	Α	
	3A0530	_	244		LDA	PORTB	
	CAFDOO E&FP	.c	245		JZ ANI	CON1	65
	COFFOO	_	245 247		JMP	NOT RYC	02
	F604	Ļ		CON1:	OST.	RYCO2	
	320530		540	CON2:	STA	PORTE	
0011	070000		250	201421	SIM	FURIS	
0102	213500	В		CON3:	LXI	H.TMP	CLEAR TEMP
	0604	_	252		MŶĬ	2.4	, occini i z.ii
	CD0000	E	253		CALL	CLAM	
		_	254				
	-			CHECK	CO2 LIM	IT	
010A	110A40 ·		253	,	LXI		2 :GET CO2 SET POINT
0100	001508	C	257		CALL	SFCY	
		_	-258				, 22.17 2.17
			257		SET PO	INT < 3%	•
0110	015500	Ð	250		LXI	B.TMP	:SET POINT
0113	114500		251		LXI	D.FC3	:SET FOINT ;- 3%
0115	213700	Đ	262 263		LXI	H, TMP+4	•
0119	C20000	€	263		CALL	SÜB32	
0110	SATADO	D	264		LDA	TMF'+7	GET SIGN BIT
011F	OF.		. 265		RRC		-VE
0120	DATEO1	C	255		JC	CON4	YES, SET TO 5%
			257				
			269	;	> E% 9	BET POINT	= SET POINT (+ 5%
							*

						6	
:15-!1	e080780:	85 MA	ACRO	ASSEMPL	ES, V4.	. 1	TECVE
MANSFRE	SH 200	GERIE	s co	NTROLLE	₹		
LOS G	)SJ	ι	INE	:	SOURCE	STATEMENT	
						e This	.CCT COUNT -
0123 (	43500		29¢		LXI	B, 1711	;SET FOINT = ;SET POINT +
0126 1	15700	С	270		TXI		
0129 2	15500	Ð	271		LXI	. H.TMF+3	324
0120 0	00000	Ε	272		CALL	ADD32	
012F 1	00000 13600	Ð	273		LXI		;-> SETPOINT + 5%
0132 0	33801	C	274		JMP	CONS	
			275				
	-		276			SET FOINT	= 5%
0135	115300	C	277	CON4:	LXI	D,ԲC5	; -> 5%
			278				N DOS COMICHEATED
0:38 (	12500	D	279	CONS:	LXI	B,TCU2	;-> CO2 COMPENSATED
	214200	C	230		LXI	H,PC1	;-> DEADBAND
013E 3	3500 '		281		NVI .		CONTROL +VE
	CDBDB07	C	279 280 281 282		CALL	CTLA	•
• • • • •			283				
			284	;		NTROL ACTIO	DN
0145	DA5801	C	285		JC	CON6	;ACTION REQUIRED, NO ->
0146	79		296		HOV	•	;ON OR OFF
0147			287		ORA	A	
	5A0530		258		LDA	FORTS	GET FORT
	CA5301	С	299		JΖ	COMA	;GET PORT ;OFF -> .
	E&FD		290		ENI	NOT KYI	B ;LIMIT OFF
	C35501	C.	291		JMF	CONS	
	F602		292	COMA:	ORI	RYTB	;LIMIT ON
	320530		253	CONB:	STA	FORTE	•
• • • •			274				
0158	3A0530		295	CON9:	LDA		; CHECK LINIT
0159	E502		276		ANI	RYTE	;LINIT SET?
0150	CA6B01	C	297		JZ	CONC	;NO, CONT
0160	3A0530		293		LDA		GET PORT AGAIN
0163	F501		299		ORI	RY02	YES, SET RYOZ
0165	320530		200		STA		· ····································
0163	C3A801	C	201		JMP	DPPTR	; NEXT FUNCTION
	•		202				: CLEAR TEMP
0168	215500	۵		CONC:			; CLEME. TEST
015E	0608		304		HVI		
0170	000000	Ē	305		CALL	· CLRM	
			305	'			NOVETH
					MIKUL	ACTION ON C	2 ; OXYGEN SET FOINT .
0173	110040		208		LXI		
0176	CDIEOS	C	203		CALL	SPLV	CONVERT
			310	·	4-	ocapiate O	CELL FOR CONTROL
	•				TO AP	PROPIATE D.	2 CELL FOR CONTROL
0179	210500	ū			LXI	M, AUZA	;-> 02A
	3A4700	2	-212		LDA		; FLAG SET?
017F			314		ORA		;NO, CONT
0160	0.49501	C	315		JZ	LU!47	ine, com
			316			H 4655	; YES FOINT TO REF
0183	210F00	5	317		LXI	H, HGIS	; 125 FC1M 15 KE
			319		MOU	<b>5</b> U	;H,L -> 02 VALUE TO USE
0196				CON7:	NOV	e,H C,L	TRANSFER TO B,C
0197		_ •	.320		MOV		;-> C2 SET-POINT
	113500	ם	321	L	LXI		;-> 02 DEAD BAND
	214700	С	32:		LXI	V VERT	
0185	JEFF		72	خ	MVI	A, OFFH	<b>*</b>

SISHII 9090/8095 MACRO ASSEMBLER, V4.1

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TREVR

		: 0010,0 € <b>6</b> 5H 300				.ER	•	
	roc	OBJ		LINE		SOUF.CE	STATEMENT	
•	0150	CD0507	C	324 325		CALL	CTLA	
	0193	DAASOI	C	324		JC	DEFTR	
	0195		-	327		MOV	A.C	
	0177			329		ORA	А	
		3A0530		329		LDA	PORTE	
				330		JZ	CONS	
	0175	CAAJO1	i.	331		ANI	NOT RYO	
		E6FE	С	332		1M5 HMI		2
		DJA501				ame Sar	CONS	
		F501 -		222	CON3:	ORI CTO	RYD2	•
	0145	320530			CON9:	STA	FURTE	
				-335		-1-0-44		
		110700	-	338 777	3 521	DISPLAY	PULNIERS	FO CD2 AND 02
	OIAS	010500		221	DAPTE	LXI	D, 1002	;-> CO2 AVERAGE
		210500				LXI	M, NOZA	;-> C2A AVERAGE
		3A6900	D	339		LDA		; 02 CONTROL FLAG
	01F1	67 CAB801	_	340		ORA	A	;SET?
				341		JZ		YES, LEAVE DAZ
	0155	210500	Đ	542		LXI	H, AJZ8	;NO, CHANGE TO 028
				343		MENG 65		
	41.55	TA/500				KEYS PR		•
	0133	3A6500	D	345	KFR:	.LDA C≋A	KEYF	
		CA1FO2	C	347		52	A NATING	-NO CONT
٠.	O LEC	CHIPOE		347 348		3.2	LINTING	;NO, CONT
	•			349	≥ NOM	SEE WHI	CH KEY	
	OIBE	3A0630		350	.,	LDA	PORTO	GET KEY
		EGOF		351		ANI	OFH	STRIP UPPER
	0104	210800 110F00	P	352		LXI	H. ADZA	:-> D2A
	0107	110F00	D	353		LXI	D, A028	:-> 028
	OLCA	FFOD		354		CPI	SWP1	;02A % 02B REGUIRED?
	0100	CA0902	C	355		JΖ	KPR1 '	:YES. JUMP OUT
	010F	211300	D	355		LXI	H, AT1	;NO, -> TEMP 1
	0102	CA0902 211300 111700	P	355 357		LXI	D.AT2	;NO, -> TEMP 1 ;-> TEMP 2
	0105	FE07		333		CFI	SVIPJ	•
	0107	CA0902 212700 111800	C	359		JZ	Kpr1	
	01DA	212700	ס	360		ΓXI.	H, TT4	; TEMPS 3 & 4
	OIDD	111200	D	361		LXI	D,AT3	•
	0150	FECE		362		CPI	SWP4	•
		CA0902		363		JZ	KPR1	
	0125	F7		364		ORA	A	;KEY RELEASED?
		DA0902		365		<i>3</i>		; YES, EXIT
		213300.	D			LXI		; CLEAR TEMP
		0508	_	357		MVI	B, 8	
	ひとこと	CDCCCC	**	~368		CALL	CLRM	**
	OFF	110E40 CD1E08		369 330		LXI		; 02 SET POINT
	OLET	C01202	D	370 371		CALL	SITE V	CONVERT
	OFF	777000	5	3/1		LDA	THP+1	GET VALUE
	OFFR	3A3400 323800 110A40 CD1E08 213700	ט	372		STA	Thip+5	5 . 60 SET 60 THE
	0000	110040	_	373 774		LXI	E, ESCUDI	2 ;02 SET POINT
	0200	217700	7	374		CALL		
	0204	113300	ה ה	375 376		LXI	H, TMP+4	
		2.2.0.3079	U	376		LXI	D, THP	
						PRESSED		•
				5/5	, r			*

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## APPENDIX 2

IS-II ANSFR	: 8050/80 RESH 300	es r seri	ACRO ( ES CO	ASSEMBLER, V4.1 MTROLLER		TFCVF
FOC	051		LINE	SOURCE S	TATEMENT	
06FF 0700	028109 .	С	1120 1121 1122	DCR JNZ	M AVRG	
0703 0705	30FF 326A00	Ð	1125 1124	MVI STA	A,OFFH FIRSTF	;SET FIRST TIME FLAG
			1125 1126	NOW COMPENSATE	THE AVER	ABE VALUES .
	• -		1127	EXPAND TEMPERA	TURE SCAL	L TENASE TENAS
0708	011F00	Ð	1128	TFC2: LXI	B,A!4	: AVERAGE TEMP
0702	119307 -	С	1129	LXI	D, THIS	; X 3 = ;TRUE TEMPERATURE
				LXI	14, 174	TRUE TERRESATURE
0711	CD0000	Ε	1131	. CALL	MULJ2	
***			1.150			
•			1133	COMPENSATE CO	2 FOR TEMP	PERATURE
0714	012700	D	1134	LXI	B,TT4	; DELTA T
0717	11CB07	Ē	1135	LXI		
0/1/	212000	2	1134	LXI CALL	H,TrP1	
071A	213D00 CD0000		1157	CALL	รบัช32	
0/10	C30000	_	1138			
	***	_	1170	1 77	B,TMP1	; DELTA T X 200
0720	013000	ב	1107	LXI	D,KS	•
0723	110807	ב	1140	· Ēxī	H, Thir	•
0725	215500	D.	1141	CALL	MUL32	
0729	013000 110507 213300 CD0000	E	1142	<u>Late</u>	HOUGE	•
			1145		E 0500	;CO2A X 1000
1-0720	010700	D	1144	L.X.I	D, NOU2	, 502A A 1477
0726	11D307	C	1145	. LXI	D,K6	
0757	712500	D	1145	LX1	H,TCG2	
0735	CDOOOO	E	1147	CALL	MUL32	
			1145			. (E006 Y 1066)
0738	012300	Đ	1147	LXI	B, 1002	; (E02A X 1000)
0735	4 115500	D	1150	LXI	D, Trii	;- ((TT4 - 64000) X 200)
0736	212300	Ľ,	1151	LXI	н,тсо2	•
	CD0000		1152	CALL	80832	
			1155			
0743	013500	Ð	1154	LXI		;(TT4 - 64000)/569
0743	110707	C	1155	LXI	D, H.7	
0744	7 11D707 A 213D00	ā	1156	LXI ·	H, TMP1	
0741	CDOOOO	Ē	1157	CALL	DIVS2	••
W/ 4:	2 02400	_	1158			
ムマボケ	0 019307	e.	1157	LXI	B,K6	;1000 - (DELTA T - 64000)
(175)	5 115D00	Ď	1150	LXI	D, THP I	;
	5 213D00		1151		H, THF L	549
	9 CD00000		1162		SUB32	
U/J	4 CE	_	1163			
6.73	012700	r.			F.7002	;A - 0.2(DELTA T)
073	C 012300 F 113000		1145		5. THE 1	:
					H, TCGI	1 - 0.0045(DELTA T)
	2 212700		1156			, .
076	5 650000	=	1167		0.40-	
			1169	; COMPENSATE C	na <b>n</b> an as	CONCENTRATION
		_	1157	; COMMENSAIE S	2 FUR U2	·-> 026
073	9 010800 9 3A6900 E 87	Ď	1170	, FY1	0000	;-> 02A ;GET APPROPIATE
076	9 3A6900	D	1171	LDA	U20F	POET BUTTON AND
075	E E7		117	ORA,	A	; D2 READING
078	E B7 F CA7507	C	1177	; JZ	AVG1	N. Committee of the Com
077	2 010700	D	117	LXI	B, A02P	•
					•	•

		908078 908 N2B				EF, V4.1		TFCVF
	LOC	05J	1	LINE		SOURCE 81	TATEMENT	
	0773	115907 213500 CD0000	C	1177 1179 1179	; 20MCEN AV61:	ISATE 532 LXI LXI CALL	Data D, Ten H, TMP1 DIVII	;02 / 10
	0781 0784	012300 113500 213500 C50000	D D O E			EXI EXI EXI	B, TODZ D, THP! H, THP! ADDS2	;662 + 02/10
	078D 0790	013B00 11AF07 213B00 CD0000	D C D E.	1186 1187 1186 1187 1187		CALL LXI LXI	B,TMP1 D,TWQU H,TMP1 SUB32	; (CO2 + 02/10) - 2(UNITS)
	0797 0790	013D00 11B707 213D00 CD0000	E C D	1191 1192 1193 1194 1195		EXI EXI CALL	B,TMP1 D,NINE H,TMP1 DIV32	; (002 - 2 + 02/10);
٠.,	07A5 07A8	013500 118807 212300 ED0000	D C D	1196		LXI LXI CALL	B,TMP1 D,TEN H,TCO2 MUL32	;(CO2 - 2 + 02/10) X 10/9
	07AE	C7		1201 1202	•	RET		
		7014 0000		1205	THOU:	DM	5244,0	;TWO (UNITS)
		0000		1204	THR:	DW	3,0	; THREE
		<b>0</b> 900 0000		1205	NINE:	단병	9,0	; NINE
		0A00 0000		1204	TEX:	£¥I	10,0	; TEN
		ED17	•	1207	K1:	마시	6125,0	; CONSTANT 1
		3758 0000		1208	K2:	₽₩	22585,0	;CONSTANT 2
		1000 0000		1207	K3:	₽₩	14,0	;CONSTANT 7
		00FA 0000	•	1210	K4:	₽₩	64000,0	; CONSTANT 4
		1400 0000	•	1211	K5:	₽₩	20,0	; COMSTANT 5
	07D3	E903		1212	K.á:	DW	1000,0	; CONSTANT &
	0707	3902 0000		1215	K7:	₽Ħ	5 <u>4</u> 7,0	; CONSTANT 7
					; ****	:********	******	, * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
				1215 1217 1219	;CLTA:	-	CONTROL	. ACTION SUBROUTINE
	•				•		•	•

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HIS-II CANOFF	8080/808 2 902 H23:	5 M ERI	ACRO ES CO	ASSEMBLS NTROLLES	R, V4.1	•	TECVE
LOC	caJ		LINE	9	OURCE ST	ATEMENT	<i>,</i>
			1217 1220 1221 1222	;	BC -> IN DE -> SE HL -> DE A = CONT	T-POINT IADBAND V	ABLE VALUE ALUE ON, CO=+VE, FF=-VE
			1223	•			
			1224	EXIT	CARRY, N	ION OO (OF	ERROR <dedband F), FF(QN)</dedband 
			1226				
	•		1227 1228	,			
0709	F5 .			CTLA:	PUSH	PSW	; SAVE ACTION
07DC			1230		PUSH	н .	SAVE DEADBAND FOINTER
			1231 1232		• ENTER'S	WITH BC,	DE SET
ozna	215500	Ð	1235		LXI	H,TMP	; ERROR
	CD0000	Ē.	1234	•	CALL	SU932	
			1235		XRA	A	·
07E5	AF 524800		1236		STA	NEGF	;RESET ;NEGATIVE FLAG
0/54			1236				•
07E7	212900	D	1237		LXI	H,TMP+3	
O7ミA	7E ÇT		1240			A,M	;ERRGR -VE?
07EB	Ç:7		1241		RLC	*	;NO, ->
0750	D2FA07	С	1242				
075E	SEFF	_	1243	_		A, OFFH	; NEGATIVE FLAG
07F1	326800	Ď	1244	•	STA	NEGF	INEGRITAE PERS
07F4	3EFF 326800 213300 CD0000	Þ	1245		LXI	H, TMP	; MAKE FOSITIVE
97F7	CĐĐĐĐ	<u>_</u>	1245		CALL	COMPAC	JIMOZ I BOILLIA
075A	013300		1249		LXI	B, TMP	; ERROR ; DEADBAND
0760	Di	_	1249		POP	p'	; DEADBAND
07EE	213300				LXI	H.TMP	CONTROL REDNIKED
0901	000000	E	1251		CALL	SUB32	•
			1252				
0804	3A3600	Đ	1253			TMP+3	; EAROR < DEADBAND?
0807	07		1254		RLC	_	457751
0808	C1		1255			₽	GET ACTION
0809	D3		1256		RC.		ERROR & DEADBAND, RETURN
090A	70 67		1257		MOV	A,B	ACTION 1 65 -
0806	ъ7		1256		CRA	A	; ACTION + OR - ; ACTION +, RETURN WITH COH
	CA1108		1257	•	JZ	9+5 A 4 I	ACTION TAXABLE NATIONAL MITS OF S
	SEFF		1250			A, OFER	ACTION -, RETURN WITH OFFH
.08:1	4F .		1261		MOV	L,A	PUT ACTION IN C
0010	SASSOC	_	1262		LDA	NEGE	:WAS ERROR -VE?
0015	onseve ne	υ,	1200			A	,
	: 87 : CA1COS		1264		JZ		;NO, ->
		_	1 265 1 266		HOV	A.C	;YES, COMPLEMENT
	77		1257		CHA	,-	*
0818	25				MOV .	CTE	
0315	4F		1269		(104 ·	<b>₩</b> ,~	
4011			1269 1270		XRA	Α .	;CLEAR ACTION FLAG
	; AF		1270		RET	••	
9511	) <b>C</b> 9		1271		P. C.		• • •
			1 - / -	<b>:</b>		•	

. 13:37:34

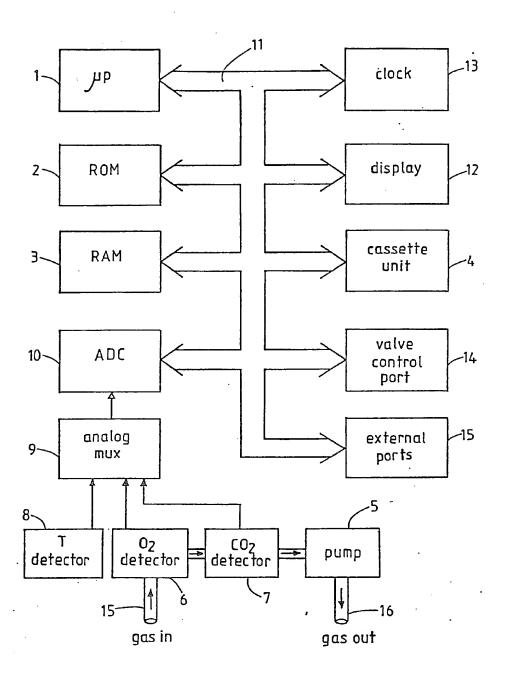
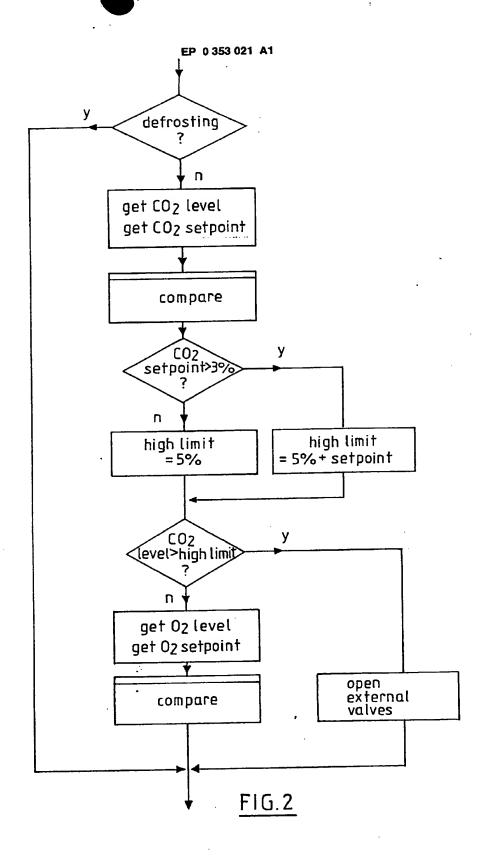


FIG.1



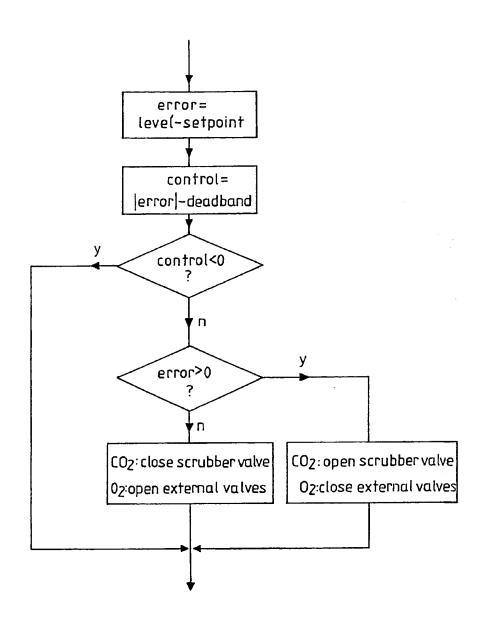


FIG. 3

## **EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT**

Application Number

EP 89 30 7537

	DOCUMENTS CONSII	DERED TO BE RELEV	ANT	]		
Category	Citation of document with in of relevant pas	dication, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (lnt. Cl.5)		
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A	DE-A-3 140 337 (TYO * abstract; claims	CZKA GMBH & CO.) 1-6 *	1			
A	FR-A-2 520 592 (LU) * claims 1-7 *	(SSIER S.A.)	1			
A	US-A-3 102 779 (A. * claims 1-8 *	L. BRODY et al.)	1			
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF vol. 4, no. 151 (C-1980; & JP - A - 55 TETSUKOU K.K.) 28.0	28)(633), 23 October 99182 (SEIGOU	1			
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CL5)		
	•			A 23 L 3/00		
	· ·					
<del>,,,,</del>	The present search report has b	een drawn up for all claims				
	Place of search	Date of completion of the sea		Examiner		
В	ERLIN	26-10-1989	SC	HULTZE D		
Y: pa do A: tec O: no	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUME rticularly relevant if taken alone rticularly relevant if combined with an cument of the same category chnological background no-written disclosure termediate document	E: earlier pa after the other D: documen L: documen &: member o	T: theory or principle underlying the inven E: earlier patent document, but published after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons  &: member of the same patent family, condoument			

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